



The European Commission's Competence Centre on Modelling

EU Conference on modelling for policy support

26 - 27 November 2019 Centre Albert Borschette, Brussels

Integrating qualitative scenarios with quantitative modeling: lessons learned from recent EC foresight projects Andrea Ricci ISINNOVA



Challenges



- Cultural background
- Mutual credibility and trust
- «Blabla» (qualitative) Vs mechanistic (models)
- Flexibility/creativity Vs rigidity
- Interfaces
- What comes first?

Three EU foresight projects

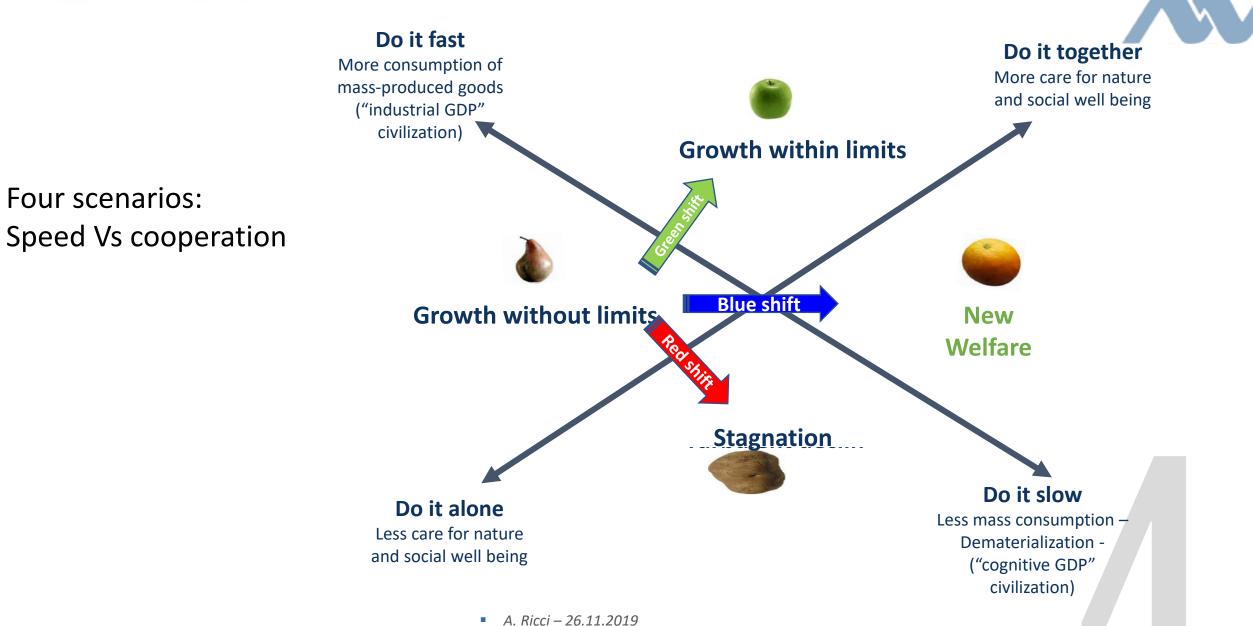


- PASHMINA Paradigm Shifts Modelling and Innovative Approaches http://www.isis-it.com/pashmina/
- FLAGSHIP Forward Looking Analysis of Grand Societal Challenges and Innovative Policies http://www.isinnova.org/portfolio-items/flagship/
- FRESHER Foresight and modelling for European health policy and regulation https://www.foresightfresher.eu/

What they have in common:

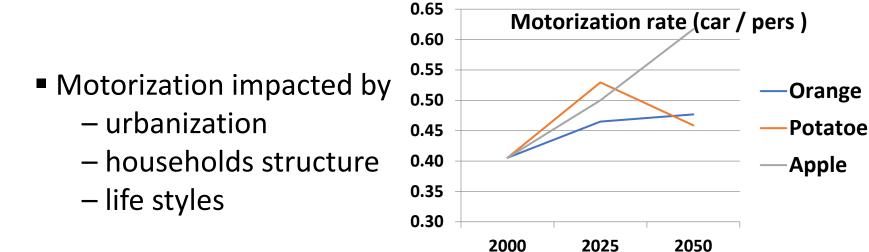
- the goal to produce results that are expressed (also) in quantitative terms (so as to speak to policy makers), but reflect deeper and more articulate narratives, not (or less) constrained by the inherent rigidity of model
- an approach that starts by building narrative storylines and <u>then</u> strives to "translate" them into inputs and assumptions that can be fed to models;
- the belief that the real value of models is not to *predict* (which is next to impossible when it comes to long term dynamics of complex systems), but to *orient*
- Interface through stakeholders' consultation/participation A: Ricci 26.11.2019



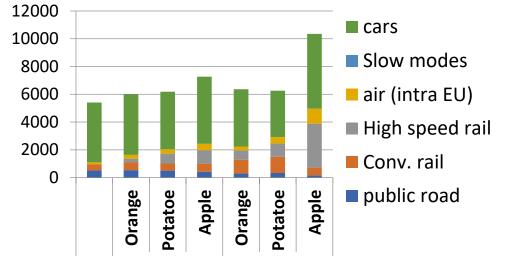


Contrasted visions of mobility development in the EU up to 2050 Results from VLEEM





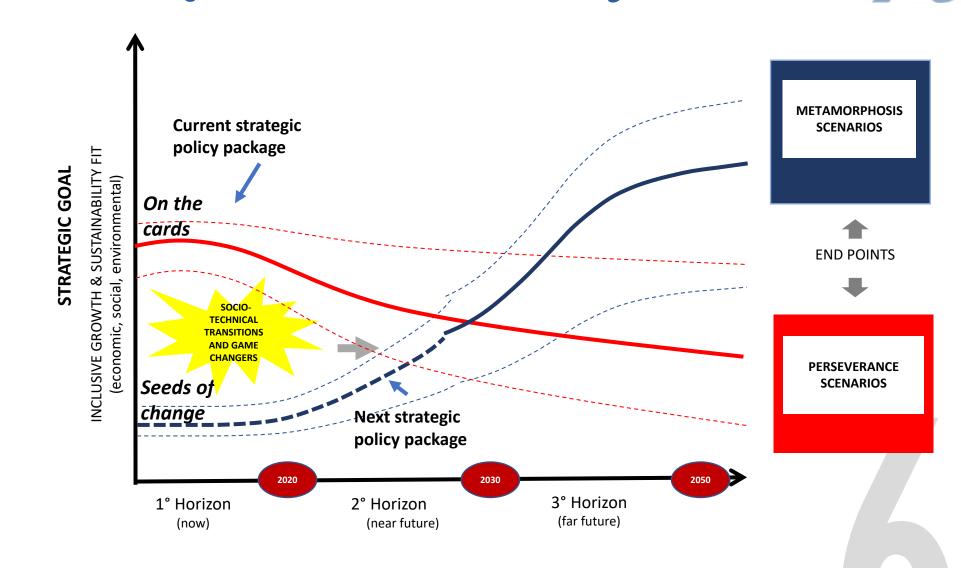
- Drivers of pass. traffics
 - elasticity speed / GDP
 - transport time budget
 - motorization







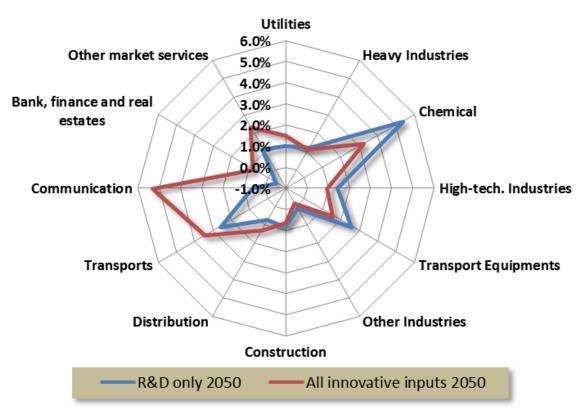
From perseverance to metamorphosis: making the most of the *seeds of change*



Two scenarios built around three horizons

Perseverance vs Metamorphosis: impact on productivity Results from the NEMESIS model

European sectoral labour productivity gains in both innovation policies in 2050

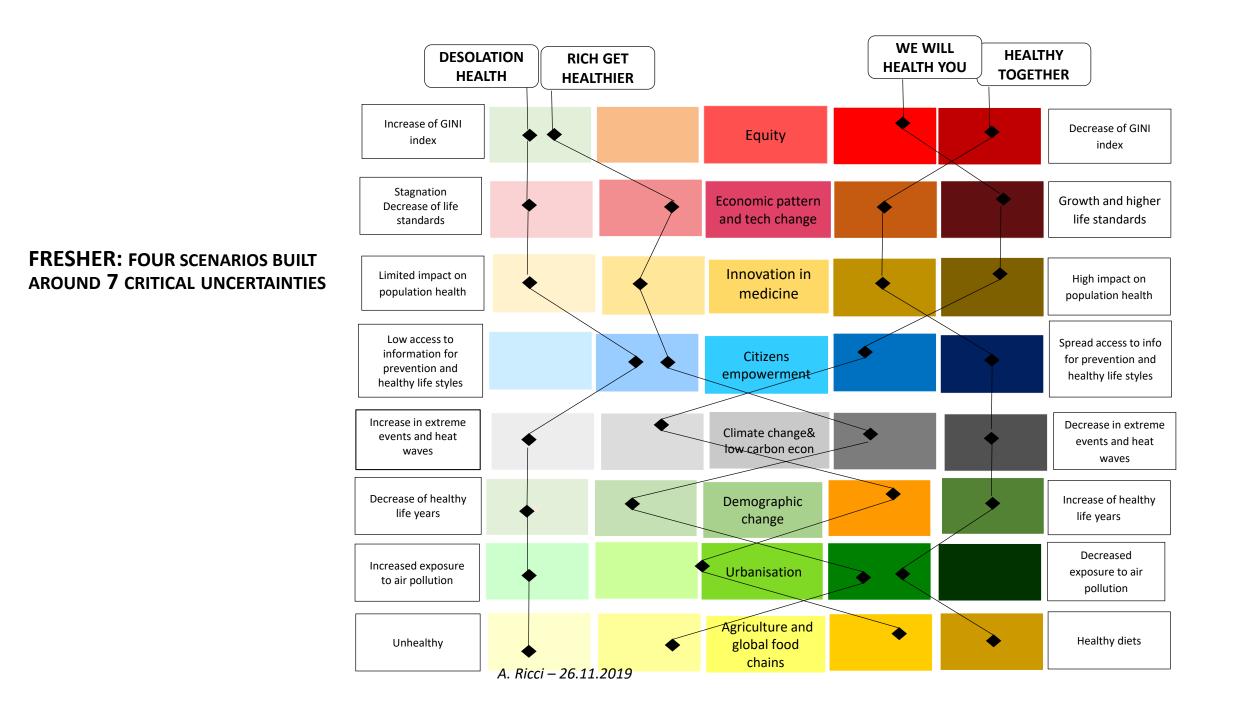




- Lumped R&D funding favours sectors more exposed to international competition
- Whereas, ICT and other intangibles are more performant to boost labour productivity in services sectors (less exposed)

P. Zagamé et al. in FLAGSHIP

A. Ricci – 26.11.2019



Trends	Current level in Europe	Healthy together	We will health you	The rich get healthier	Desolation health
Equity	Gini index: 0.31 in 201; Income quintile share ratio: 5.2 in 2015	111	11	III	111
Technological change and economic innovation	GDP growth: 2.2% (2015), 1.8% (2016), 1.6% (2017); Unemployment rate: 10.2% in 2014	ÎÎ	111	4	111
Innovation in medicine	R&D investments: 2.2% of GDP in 2014; Private share: 56%; Public share: 32%	ÎÎ	111	₽	
Citizen empowerment	Health literacy rate: 48% population with poor health literacy and 52% with sufficient or excellent health literacy; Access to internet: 62% population daily ²	111	î	•	II
Climate change and decarbonisation	GHG emissions (only transport sector): +21% between 1990-2012; Global mean surface temperature: +0.85°C between 1880-2012	111	11	11	•••
Demographic Change and migration	Healthy life years at 65: 8.16 (men and women) in 2014; Healthy life years at birth: 61.8 (women); 61.4 (men) in 2014	111	îî	₽	111
Urbanisation	PM2.5: 16.9 micrograms per cubic meter in 2012 PM10: 24.9 micrograms per cubic meter in 2012	11	ļ	îî	111
Agriculture and global food chains	Consumption of fruits: 62.2% of pop weekly in 2008 Consumption of vegetables: 62.4% of pop weekly in 2008 A. Ricc	1111 <i>i – 26.11.201</i>	11 9	Ļ	111

Trends evolution under FRESHER Scenarios

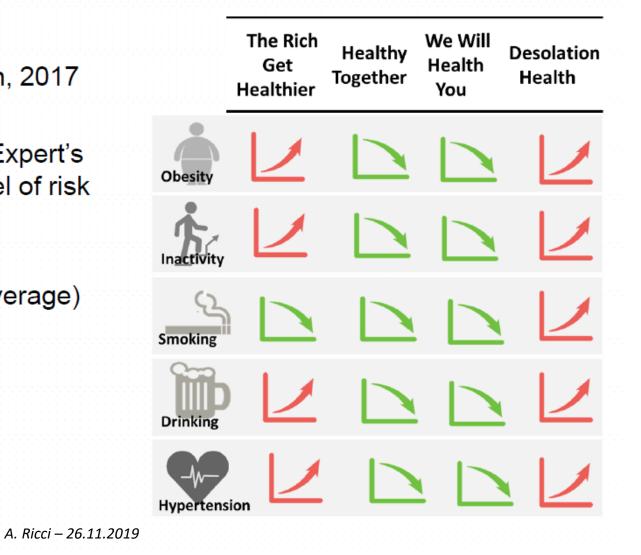
EXPERTS PREDICTED THE RISK FACTORS EVOLUTION IN THE 4 SCENARIOS



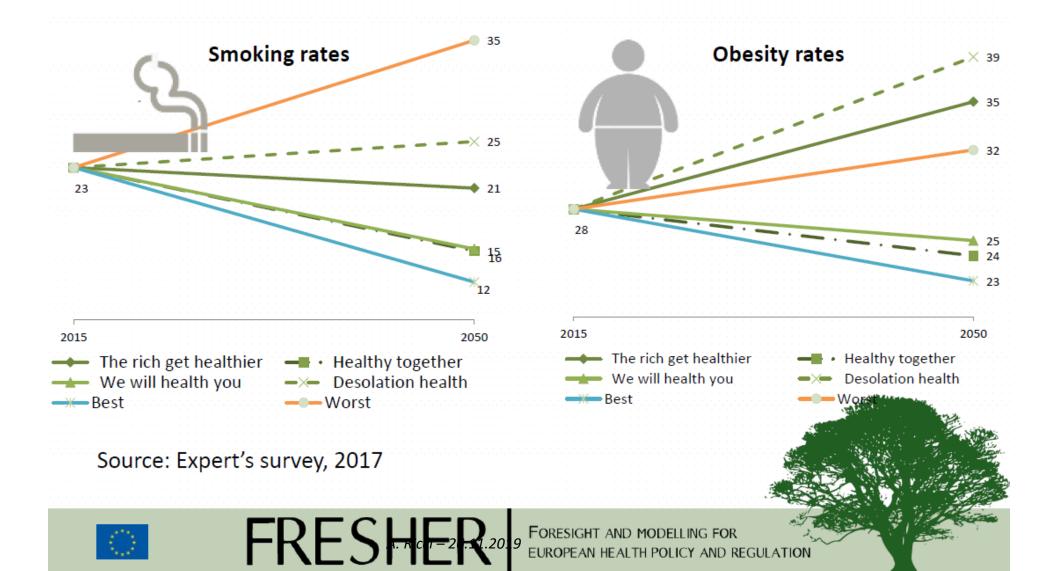
Expert's consultation, 2017

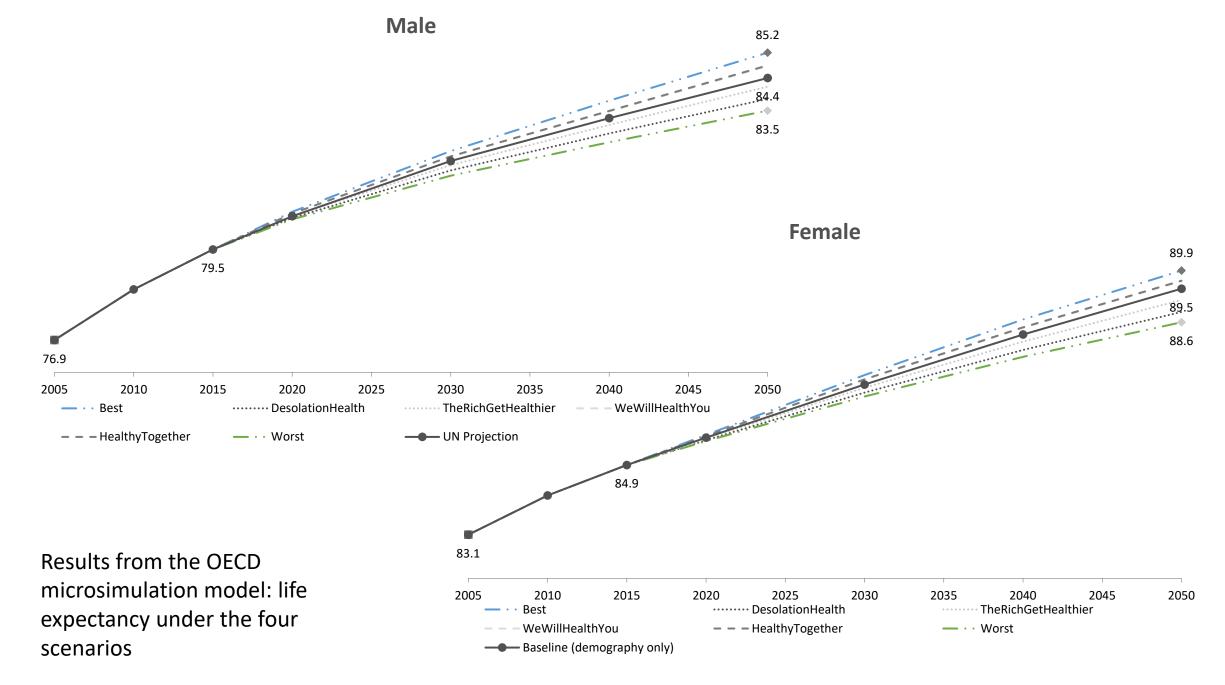
For each scenario: Expert's prediction of the level of risk factors in 2050

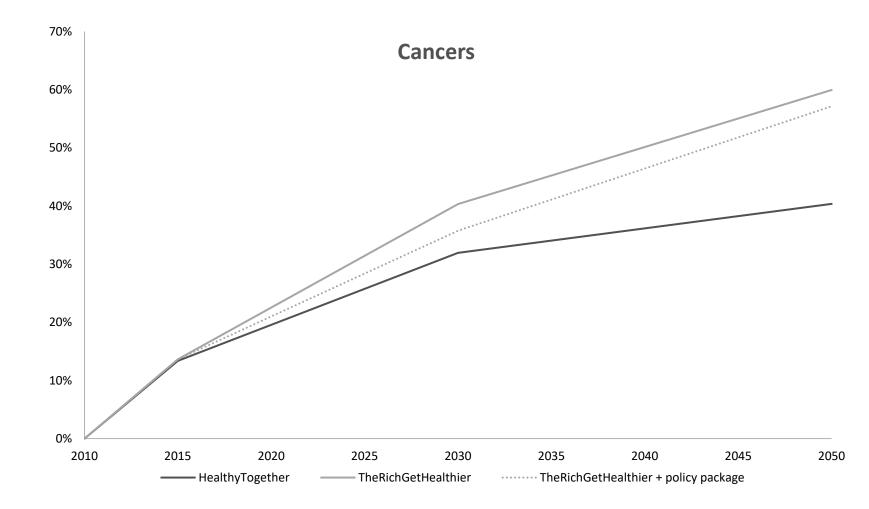
91 valid answers (average)



EXPERT'S EVALUATION OF RISK FACTORS IN THE 4 SCENARIOS







Model results: cancers under the four scenarios

SOME LESSONS LEARNED



- Discontinuities
- Scale
- Model flexibility and adaptation
- Over)simplification

THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION!

ANY QUESTIONS?

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